## **Autonics**

# **Photoelectric Sensor BEN SERIES**

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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Thank you for choosing our Autonics product. Please read the following safety considerations before use.

## Safety Considerations

\*\*Please observe all safety considerations for safe and proper product operation to avoid hazards.

★★ symbol represents caution due to special circumstances in which hazards may occur.

**Warning** Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious injury or death. ▲ Caution Failure to follow these instructions may result in personal injury or product damage.

- 1. Fail-safe device must be installed when using the unit with machinery that may cause serious injury or substantial economic loss. (e.g. nuclear power control, medical equipment, ships, vehicles, railways, aircraft, combustion apparatus, safety ships, vehicles, fallways, aircraft, combustion apparatus, sairty equipment, crime/disaster prevention devices, etc.)
  Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire, personal injury, or economic loss.

- Do not disassemble or modify the unit.
   Failure to follow this instruction may result in electric shock or fire.
- 3. Do not connect, repair, or inspect the unit while connected to a power source.
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in electric shock or fire
- Check 'Connections' before wiring.

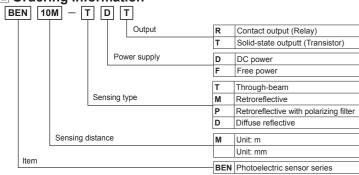
  Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire

### ▲ Caution

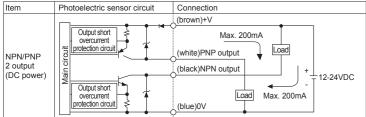
- 1. Use the unit within the rated specifications.
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire or product damage.

  2. Use dry cloth to clean the unit, and do not use water or organic solvent.
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in electric shock or fire
- 3. Do not use the unit in the place where flammable/explosive/corrosive gas, humidity, direct sunlight, radiant heat, vibration, impact, or salinity may be present. Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire or explo
- 4. Do not use a load over the range of rated relay specification.
  Failure to follow this instruction may result in insulation failure, contact melt, contact failure, relay broken,

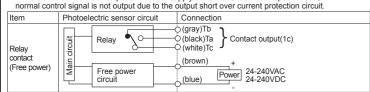
#### Ordering Information



## ■ Control Output Circuit Diagram



If short-circuit the control output terminal or supply current over the rated specification,



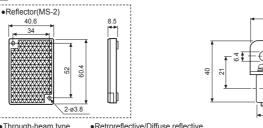
- control output terminal or supply current over the rated specification, it may result in product damage \*The above specifications are subject to change and some models may be discontinued
- We sure to follow cautions written in the instruction manual and the technical descriptions

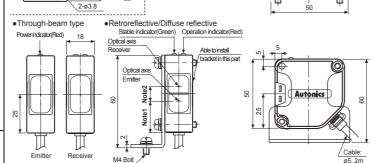
  Output

  Descriptions

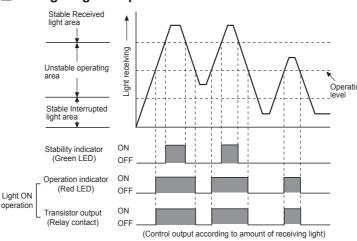
  Descr

# Dimensions





## ■ Timing Diagram Operation



The waveform of Transistor output and operation indicator are the state of operation for Light ON, but in case of Dark ON, it is opposite operation against Light ON.

#### Specifications

Note1) Retroreflective: 21.25mm. Diffuse reflective: 20.25mm

Note2) Retroreflective: 7.5mm. Diffuse reflective: 9.5mm.

Note2) Retroreflective: 7.5mm.

Note2) Retroreflective: 9.5mm.

Note2) Retroreflective: 7.5mm.

Note2) Retroreflective: 9.5mm.

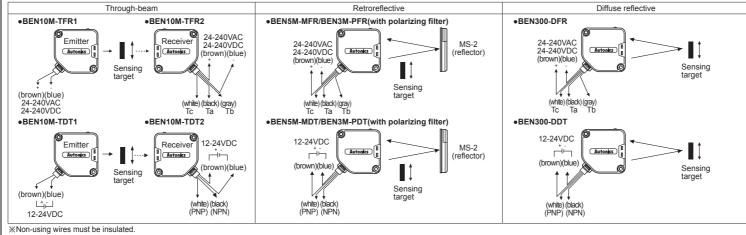
Note3) Retroreflective: 9.5mm.

Note4) Retroreflective: 9.5mm.

_		Free power, Relay contact output				DC power, Solid state output			
Туре		Through-beam	Retroreflective**1	Retroreflective×1 (with polarizing filter)	Diffuse reflective	Through-beam	Retroreflective**1	Retroreflective <sup>X1</sup> (with polarizing filter)	Diffuse reflective
Model		BEN10M-TFR	BEN5M-MFR	BEN3M-PFR	BEN300-DFR	BEN10M-TDT	BEN5M-MDT	BEN3M-PDT	BEN300-DDT
Sensing	distance	10m	0.1 to 5m	0.1 to 3m	300mm(100 x 100mm non-glossy white paper)	10m	0.1 to 5m	0.1 to 3m	300mm(100 x 100mm non-glossy white pape
Sensing target		Opaque materials of min. ø16mm	Opaque materials of min. ø	60mm	Translucent, opaque materials	Opaque materials of min. ø16mm	Opaque materials of min.	ø60mm	Translucent, Opaque mat
Hysteresis		- Max. 20% at sensing distance				- Max. 20% at sensing dist			
Response time		Max. 20ms				Max. 1ms			
Power supply		24-240VAC~ ±10% 50/60Hz, 24-240VDC== ±10% (ripple P-P: max. 10%)				12-24VDC:: ±10% (ripple P-P: max. 10%)			
Power consumption		Max. 4VA				-			
Current	consumption	-				Max. 50mA			
ight so	urce	Infrared LED (850nm)		Red LED (660nm)	Infrared LED (940nm)	Infrared LED (850nm)		Red LED (660nm)	Infrared LED (940nm)
Sensitivi	ity adjustment	Sensitivity adjuster - Sensitivity adjuster					•		
Operation	on mode	Selectable Light ON or Dark ON by switch							
Control	output	Relay contact output  •Relay contact capacity: 30VDC::: 3A of resistive load, 250VAC ~ 3A of resistive load  •Relay contact composition: 1c				NPN open collector/PNP open collector simultaneous output  •Load voltage: max. 30VDC::  •Load current: max. 200mA  •Residual voltage - NPN: max. 1VDC::, PNP: max. 2.5VDC			
Relay lifetime		Mechanically: Min. 50,000,000 operation, Electrically: Min. 100,000 operation				-			
rotectio	on circuit					Reverse polarity protection circuit, output short overcurrent protection circuit			
Light red	ceiving element	Photo IC							
Indicatio	n	Operation indicator: red, stable indicator: green (the red lamp on Emitter of through-beam type is for power indication)							
nsulatio	n resistance	Over 20MΩ (at 500VDC megger)							
nsulation type		Double or strong insulation (mark:							
Noise immunity		<u> </u>				±240V the square wave noise (pulse width: 1µs) by the noise simulator			
Dielectric strength		1000VAC 50/60Hz for 1minute							
	Mechanical	1.5mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz in each of X, Y, Z directions for 2 hours							
Vibration	Malfunction	1.5mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz in each of X, Y, Z directions for 10 minutes				-			
	Mechanical	500m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y, Z directions for 3 times							
Shock	Malfunction	100m/s²(10G) in X, Y, Z directions for 3 times				-			
Environ	Ambient illumination	Sunlight: max 1,1001 k, incandescent lamp: max 3,000 k (receiver illumination)							
		= 1-20 to 65°C, storage : -25 to 70°C							
	Ambient humidity	35 to 85%Rt. storage: 35 to 85%RH							
Protection structure		IPSO (IEC standard)							
Material		-Case, case cover: heat resistant ABS -Sensing part: PC (with polarizing filter: PMMA)							
Cable		ø5.0mm, 5-wire, length: 2m (emitter of through-beam type: ø5.0mm, 2-wire, length: 2m) (AWG22, core diameter: 0.08mm, number of cores: 60, insulator diameter: ø1.25mm)				ø5.0mm, 4-wire, length: 2m (emitter of through-beam type: ø5.0mm, 2-wire, length: 2m) (AWG22, core diameter: 0.08mm, number of cores: 60, insulator diameter: ø1.25mm)			
	Individual	-	Reflector (MS-2)		-	-	Reflector (MS-2)		<u></u>
Acces sory	Common	Adjustment screwdriver, mounting bracket, M4 bolt: 4, M4 nut: 4	ng bracket, Adjustment screwdriver, mounting bracket, M4 bolt: 2, M4 nut: 2			Adjustment screwdriver, mounting bracket, M4 bolt: 4, M4 nut: 4	Adjustment screwdriver, mounting bracket, M4 bolt: 2, M4 nut: 2		: 2, M4 nut: 2
Approva	ıl	-				CE			
Unit weight		Approx. 354q	Approx. 208q		Approx. 195q	Approx. 342q	Approx. 200g		Approx. 187g

- ※1: The sensing range and the sensing object of the retroreflective sensor are specified with using the MS-2 reflector. The sensing ranges of the retroreflective sensor in the above table are indentified as the possible setting ranges of the MS-2 reflector. The sensor can detect on object under 0.1m apart. \*The temperature or humidity mentioned in Environment indicates a non freezing or condensation environment.

#### Connection



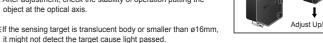
#### Mounting and Adjustment

When using photoelectric sensors closely over two units, it may result in malfunction due to mutual

When installing the product, tighten the screw with a tightening torque of 1,2N·m.

#### Through-beam type

- . Supply the power to the photoelectric sensor, after setting the emitter and the receiver in face to face.
- Set the receiver in center of position where indicator turns on. as adjusting the receiver and the emitter right and left.
- . Adjust up and down direction as the same.
- 4. After adjustment, check the stability of operation putting the
- XIf the sensing target is translucent body or smaller than ø16mm.





#### Retroreflective type

- Supply the power to the photoelectric sensor, after setting the photoelectric sensor and the reflector(MS-2) in face to face.
- . Set the photoelectric sensor in the position which indicator turns on,
- as adjusting the mirror or the sensor right and left. Adjust up and down direction as the same.
- . After adjustment, check the stability of operation putting the object
- at the optical axis.

XIf use more than 2 photoelectric sensors in parallel, the space between them should be more than 30cm.

XIf reflectance of target is higher than non-glossy white paper, it might cause malfunction by reflection from the target when the target is near to photoelectric sensor. Therefore put enough space between the target and photoelectric sensor or the surface of target should be installed at an angle of 30 to 45° against optical axis. (When sensing target with high reflectance near by, photoelectric sensing with the polarizing filter should be used.)



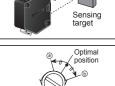
(MS-2)

Sensing

Sensitivity adjustment: Please see the diffuse reflective type.

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- 1. Even though the diffuse reflective type is set at max. sensitive position, sensitivity of the sensor must be adjusted the according to the existence of the reflective material in background.
- 2. Set the target at a position to be detected by the beam, then turn the adjuster until point @ where the indicator turn on from min. position of the adjuster. 3. Take the target out of the photoelectric sensor, then turn the
- adjuster until point (i) which the indicator turns on if the indicator does not turn on, max. sensitive position will be point .
- 4. Set the adjuster at the middle of two switching point (a), (b).
- XThe sensing distance indicated on specification chart is against 100 ×100mm of non-glossy white paper. Be sure that it can be different by size, surface and gloss of target.



# Cautions during Use

- 1. Follow instructions in 'Cautions during Use'. Otherwise, it may cause unexpected accidents. 2. When connecting a DC relay or other inductive load to the output, remove surge by using diodes or
- Use the product, 0.5 sec after supplying power.When using separate power supply for the sensor and load, supply power to sensor first. 4. 12-24VDC power supply should be insulated and limited voltage/current or Class 2, SELV power
- supply device. 5. Wire as short as possible and keep away from high voltage lines or power lines, to prevent inductive
- 6. When using switching mode power supply to supply the power, ground F.G. terminal and connect a condenser between 0V and F.G. terminal to remove noise
- . When using sensor with the equipment which generates noise (switching regulator, inverter, servo motor, etc.), ground F.G. terminal of the equipment. 8. This unit may be used in the following environments.
- ①Indoors (in the environment condition rated in 'Specifications') ②Altitude max. 2,000m ③Pollution degree 2

(4) Installation category II

## Major Products

■ Photoelectric Sensors ■ Temperature Controllers

■ Fiber Optic Sensors ■ Temperature/Humidity Transducers

■ SSRs/Power Controllers Door Sensors ■ Door Side Sensors ■ Counters

■ Area Sensors ■ Timers

■ Proximity Sensors
■ Panel Meters

■ Pressure Sensors ■ Tachometers/Pulse (Rate) Meters

■ Rotary Encoders ■ Display Units

■ Connector/Sockets
■ Sensor Controllers

■ Switching Mode Power Supplies

■ Control Switches/Lamps/Buzzers

■ I/O Terminal Blocks & Cables

■ Stepper Motors/Drivers/Motion Controllers

■ Graphic/Logic Panels

■ Field Network Devices

■ Laser Marking System (Fiber, Co<sub>2</sub>, Nd:yag) ■ Laser Welding/Cutting System

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